# multichannel / io\_uring

Status Update within Samba

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Samba Team / SerNet

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https://samba.org/~metze/presentations/2021/SDC/

### Check for Updates

- Check for an updated version of this presentation here:
- https://samba.org/~metze/presentations/2021/SDC/

(draft)



#### **Topics**

- What is SMB3 Multichannel?
- Updates in Samba 4.15
- What is io-uring?
- ▶ io-uring for Samba
- Performance research, prototyping and ideas
- Questions? Feedback!



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#### What is SMB3 Multichannel?

- ▶ Multiple transport connections are bound to one logical connection
  - This allows using more than one network link
    - Good for performance
    - ► Good for availability reasons
  - Non TCP transports like RDMA (InfiniBand, RoCE, iWarp)
  - ▶ All transport connections (channels) share the same CliendGUID
    - This is important for Samba
  - An authenticated binding is done at the user session layer
    - SessionID, TreeID and FileID values are valid on all channels
  - Available network interfaces are auto-negotiated
    - FSCTL\_QUERY\_NETWORK\_INTERFACE\_INFO interface list
    - ▶ IP (v4 or v6) addresses are returned together with:
      - Interface Index (which addresses belong to the same hardware)
      - Link speed
      - RSS and RDMA capabilities





### Last Status Updates (SDC 2020 / SambaXP 2021)

- ▶ I gave a similar talk at the storage developer conference 2020:
  - See https://samba.org/~metze/presentations/2020/SDC/
  - It explains the milestones and design up to Samba 4.13 (in detail)
- I gave a similar talk at the SambaXP 2021:
  - See https://samba.org/~metze/presentations/2021/SambaXP/
  - It explains the milestones and updates up to Samba 4.15 (in detail)



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## Updates in Samba 4.15

- Automated regression tests are in place:
  - socket\_wrapper got basic fd-passing support(Bug #11899)
  - We added a lot more multichannel related regression tests
- The last missing features/bugs are fixed (Bug #14524)
  - The connection passing is fire and forget (Bug #14433)
  - Pending async operations are canceled (Bug #14449)
- 4.15 finally has "server multi channel support = yes"
  - ▶ We require support for TIOCOUTQ (Linux) or FIONWRITE (FreeBSD)
  - We disable multichannel feature if the platform doesn't support this
    - See: Retries of Lease/Oplock Break Notifications (Bug #11898)



### What is io-uring? (Part 1)

- Linux 5.1 introduced a new scalable AIO infrastructure
  - It's designed to avoid syscalls as much as possible
  - kernel and userspace share mmap'ed rings:
    - submission queue (SQ) ring buffer
    - completion queue (CQ) ring buffer
  - ► See "Ringing in a new asynchronous I/O API" on LWN.NET
- This can be nicely integrated with our async tevent model
  - It may delegate work to kernel threads
  - It seems to perform better compared to our userspace threadpool
  - It can also inline non-blocking operations



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### io-uring for Samba (Part 1)

- ▶ Between userspace and filesystem (available from 5.1):
  - ▶ IORING\_OP\_READV, IORING\_OP\_WRITEV and IORING\_OP\_FSYNC
  - Supports buffered and direct io
- ▶ Between userspace and socket (and also filesystem) (from 5.8)
  - ► IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG, IORING\_OP\_RECVMSG
  - Improved MSG\_WAITALL support (5.12, backport to 5.11, 5.10)
  - ► IORING\_OP\_SPLICE, IORING\_OP\_TEE
  - Maybe using IORING\_SETUP\_SQPOLL or IOSQE\_ASYNC
- ▶ Path based syscalls with async impersonation (from 5.6)
  - ▶ IORING\_OP\_OPENAT2, IORING\_OP\_STATX
  - Using IORING\_REGISTER\_PERSONALITY for impersonation
  - ► IORING\_OP\_UNLINKAT, IORING\_OP\_RENAMEAT (from 5.10)
  - ► IORING\_OP\_MKDIRAT, IORING\_OP\_SYMLINKAT, IORING\_OP\_LINKAT (from 5.15)







#### io-uring for Samba (Part 2)

#### IORING\_FEAT\_NATIVE\_WORKERS (from 5.12)

- In the kernel...
  - ▶ The io-uring kernel threads are clone()'ed from the userspace thread
  - They just appear to be blocked in a syscall and never return
  - ▶ This makes the accounting in the kernel much saner
  - Allows a lot of restrictions to be relaxed in the kernel
- For admins and userspace developers...
  - ► They are no longer 'io\_wge\_work' kernel threads
  - ▶ 'top' shows them as part of the userspace process ('H' shows them)
  - They are now visible in containers
  - ▶ 'pstree -a -t -p' is very useful to see them
  - ► They are shown as iou-wrk-1234, for a task with pid/tid 1234



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### vfs\_io\_uring in Samba 4.12 (2020)

- ▶ With Samba 4.12 we added "io\_uring" vfs module
  - For now it only implements
     SMB\_VFS\_PREAD.PWRITE.FSYNC\_SEND/RECV
  - ▶ It has less overhead than our pthreadpool default implementations
  - ▶ I was able to speed up a smbclient 'get largefile /dev/null'
    - Using against smbd on loopback
    - The speed changes from 2.2GBytes/s to 2.7GBytes/s
- The improvement only happens by avoiding context switches
  - But the data copying still happens:
    - From/to a userspace buffer to/from the filesystem/page cache
  - ▶ The data path between userspace and socket is completely unchanged
  - For both cases the cpu is mostly busy with memcpy





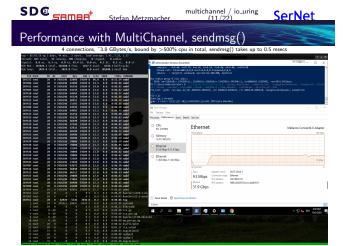


### Performance research (SMB2 Read)

- ▶ In October 2020 I was able to do some performance research
  - With 100GBit/s interfaces and two NUMA nodes per server.
- At that time I focussed on the SMB2 Read performance only
  - ▶ We had limited time on the given hardware
  - ▶ We mainly tested with fio.exe on a Windows client
  - Linux kernel 5.8.12 on the server
- More verbose details can be found here:

SAMBA

https://lists.samba.org/archive/samba-technical/2020-October/135856.html

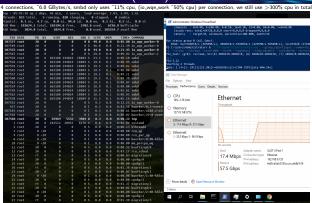


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# IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG (Part1)

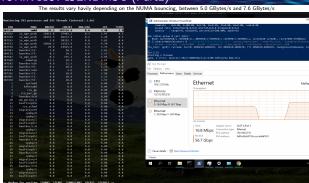


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## IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG (Part2)



## IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG (Part3)

The major problem still exists, memory copy done by copy\_user\_enhanced\_fast\_string() 10 Hz, Event count (approx.): 87301350677 lost: 0/0 d Symbol

(B) copy user\_enhanced\_fast\_string

(B) shmem\_file\_read\_iter

(B) trp.sendseg\_lecked

(B) find\_get\_entry

(B) get\_page\_from\_freelist

(B) Iist\_del\_entry\_valid

(B) Instive\_quoued\_spin\_leck\_sloopath

(B) \_\_rea\_spin\_leck [k] skb\_release\_data [k] mlx5e\_sq\_xmit threads 2): [R(2)][22.0%][r=6811Ni8/s][r=1702 IOPS][eta 03m:54s [k] \_zone\_watermark\_ok [k] unlock\_page [k] copy\_page\_to\_iter [k] find\_lock\_entry [k] \_\_alloc\_pages\_nod [k] mlx5e\_poll\_tx\_cq ses Performance Users Details Services O CRIT Ethernet 16% 2.78 GHz lk! xas\_load
[k] shmem\_getpage\_gfp
[k] \_\_check\_object\_size
[k] tcp\_wfree
[k] \_\_slab\_free
[k] \_\_slab\_free
[k] \_\_sched\_text\_start Memory 12/512 GB (2%) Ethernet S: 15.7 Mbm R: 57.5 Gbi [k] mark\_page\_accessed [k] bad\_range [k] tcp\_rbtree\_insert [k] iov\_iter\_advance Ethernet 5: 40.0 Kbps R: 96.0 Kbps [k] native\_irq\_return\_iret
[k] tcp\_write\_xmit
[k] \_\_alloc\_skb
[k] \_tasklet\_action\_common. 15.7 Mbps Ethernet 192.168.0.153 fe80xd5a5x815 57.5 Gbps [k] memcpy\_erms
[k] menu\_select
[k] \_list\_add\_valid
[k] mlx5\_eq\_comp\_int (A) Fewer details | (S) Open Resource Monitor



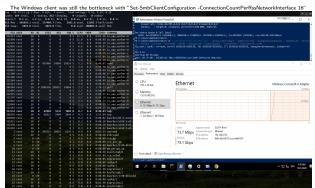
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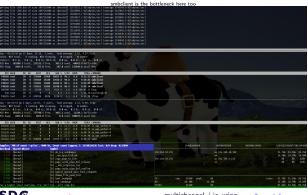
## IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG + IORING\_OP\_SPLICE (Part1)

16 connections, "8.9 GBytes/s, smbd "5% cpu, (io\_wqe\_work 3%-12% cpu filesystem->pipe->socket), only "100% cpu in total



### smbclient IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG/SPLICE (network)

4 connections, "11 GBytes/s, smbd 8.6% cpu, with 4 io\_wqe\_work threads (pipe to socket) at "20% cpu each.



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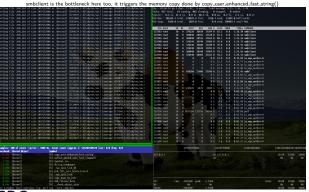
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#### smbclient IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG/SPLICE (loopback)

8 connections, "22 GBytes/s, smbd 22% cpu, with 4 io\_wqe\_work threads (pipe to socket) at "22% cpu each.



### More loopback testing on brand new hardware

- Recently I re-did the loopback read tests IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG/SPLICE (from /dev/shm/)
  - 1 connection, ~10-13 GBytes/s, smbd 7% cpu, with 4 jou-wrk threads at 7%-50% cpu.
  - ▶ 4 connections, 24-30 GBytes/s, smbd 18% cpu,
  - with 16 iou-wrk threads at 3%-35% cpu.
- I also implemented SMB2 writes with IORING\_OP\_RECVMSG/SPLICE (tested to /dev/null)
  - ▶ 1 connection, ~7-8 GBytes/s, smbd 5% cpu, with 3 io-wrk threads at 1%-20% cpu.
  - 4 connections, ~10 GBytes/s, smbd 15% cpu, with 12 io-wrk threads at 1%-20% cpu.
- I tested with a Linux Kernel 5.13
  - In both cases the bottleneck is clearly on the smbclient side
    - We could apply similar changes to smbclient and add true multichannel support
    - It seems that the filesystem->pipe->socket path is much better optimized

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### Improvements for transfers with SMB3 signing

- ▶ Samba 4.15 has support for AES-128-GMAC signing:
  - This is also available in recent Windows versions
     It's based on AES-128-GCM (but only with authentication data)
  - The gnutls library is able to provide:
    - 6 GBytes/s for AES-128-GCM
       10 GBytes/s for AES-128-GMAC
    - 100 1 1 /
- For SMB3 signing/encryption we use:
  - ► IORING\_OP\_SPLICE from a file into a (splice)pipe
  - ► IORING\_OP\_TEE from the (splice)pipe to a 2nd (tee)pipe
  - ► IORING\_OP\_READ from the (tee)pipe into a userspace buffer
    - (vmsplice might might work even better)
  - The userspace buffer is only used to calculate the signing signature
     IORING OP SENDMSG and IORING\_OP\_SPLICE are used in order to
  - avoid a copy back to the kernel
- ▶ For a SMB2 read test I removed the signing check in smbclient:
  - The performance changed from ~3 GBytes/s before
     To ~5 GBytes/s using the IORING\_OP\_TEE trick
    - ► With smbclient still being the bootleneck at 100% cpu



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#### Future Improvements

- recvmsg and splice deliver partial SMB packets to userspace
  - ▶ I tested with AF\_KCM (Kernel Connection Multiplexor) and an eBPF helper
  - ▶ But MSG\_WAITALL is the much simpler and faster solution
  - I also prototyped a SPLICE\_F\_WAITALL
  - eBPF support in io-uring would also be great for optimizations
- It also seems that socket->pipe->filesystem:
  - Does not implement zero copy for all cases
  - Maybe it's possible to optimize this in future
- In the end SMB-Direct will also be able to reduce overhead
  - My smbdirect driver is still work in progress...
  - With the IORING\_FEAT\_NATIVE\_WORKERS feature it will be possible glue it to IORING\_OP\_SENDMSG



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#### Questions? Feedback!

- Feedback regarding real world testing would be great!
- Stefan Metzmacher, metze@samba.org
- https://www.sernet.com
- https://samba.plus

Slides: https://samba.org/~metze/presentations/2021/SDC/





